

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of supplying an input device
with user information by moving, under user control, an object and
the measuring the movement of an input device and an object
relative to each other along at least one measuring axis, and

5 measuring a movement along said at least one measuring axis, the
method comprising the steps of:

- illuminating an object surface with a measuring laser beam
radiation, emitted from a laser cavity of a laser device, for each
measuring axis, and

10 - converting a selected portion of the measuring laser beam
radiation reflected by the object surface into an electric signal,
which is said electric signal being representative of the movement
along said measuring axis,
characterized in that said converting step comprises:

15 selecting the measuring laser beam radiation reflected
back along the measuring laser beam radiation and re-entering the
laser cavity, which emits emitting the measuring laser beam
radiation, said reflected measuring laser beam radiation undergoing
Doppler frequency shift upon relative motion of the object and the
20 input device is selected; and

measuring-in that changes in operation of the laser cavity, ~~which are~~said changes being due to interference of the re-entering measuring laser beam radiation and ~~the an~~ optical wave in the laser cavity and ~~are being~~ representative of the movement, are

25 measured; and

generating said electric signal in dependence on said measured changes in operation of the laser cavity.

2. (Currently Amended) A ~~The~~ method as claimed in claim 1,

characterized in that said method further comprises the step:

detecting the a direction of the movement along said at least one measuring axis ~~is detected by~~ determining ~~the a~~ shape of
5 the electric signal representing the ~~variation~~ changes in operation of the laser cavity.

3. (Currently Amended) A ~~method as claimed in claim 1 of~~

measuring the movement of an input device and an object relative to each other along at least one measuring axis, the method comprising the steps of:

5 illuminating an object surface with a measuring laser beam radiation, emitted from a laser cavity of a laser device, for each measuring axis; and

converting a selected portion of the measuring laser beam radiation reflected by the object surface into an electric signal,

10 said electric signal being representative of the movement along
said measuring axis,

characterized in that said converting step comprises:

selecting the measuring laser beam radiation reflected
back along the measuring laser beam radiation and re-entering the
15 laser cavity emitting the measuring laser beam radiation; and

measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said
changes being due to interference of the re-entering measuring
laser beam radiation and an optical wave in the laser cavity and
being representative of the movement; and

20 generating said electric signal in dependence on said
measured changes in operation of the laser cavity,

characterized in that ~~the~~ said method further comprises the step:

determining a direction of ~~the~~ movement along said at
least one measuring axis ~~is determined by~~ supplying the laser
25 cavity with a periodically varying electric current, and comparing
first and second measuring signals with each other, ~~which said~~
first and second measuring signals ~~are being~~ generated during
alternating first ~~half-half~~-periods and second ~~half-half~~-periods,
respectively.

4. (Currently Amended) A-The method as claimed in claim 3,
characterized in that in said determining a direction of the

movement step, said comparing comprises subtracting the first and second measuring signals ~~are subtracted~~ from each other.

5. (Currently Amended) A method ~~as claimed in claim 1 of~~ measuring the movement of an input device and an object relative to each other along at least one measuring axis, the method comprising the steps of:

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- 5 illuminating an object surface with a measuring laser beam radiation, emitted from a laser cavity of a laser device, for each measuring axis; and
- converting a selected portion of the measuring laser beam radiation reflected by the object surface into an electric signal,
- 10 said electric signal being representative of the movement along said measuring axis,
- characterized in that said converting step comprises:
- selecting the measuring laser beam radiation reflected back along the measuring laser beam radiation and re-entering the
- 15 laser cavity emitting the measuring laser beam radiation; and
- measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said changes being due to interference of the re-entering measuring laser beam radiation and an optical wave in the laser cavity and
- being representative of the movement; and
- 20 generating said electric signal in dependence on said measured changes in operation of the laser cavity,

characterized in that ~~it-said method~~ is used to determine a click action by a single movement of the object and the input device relative to each other along an axis, ~~which is~~ substantially perpendicular to the object surface.

6. (Currently Amended) A method ~~as claimed in claim 1 of~~ measuring the movement of an input device and an object relative to each other along at least one measuring axis, the method comprising the steps of:

5 illuminating an object surface with a measuring laser beam radiation, emitted from a laser cavity of a laser device, for each measuring axis; and

converting a selected portion of the measuring laser beam radiation reflected by the object surface into an electric signal,
10 said electric signal being representative of the movement along said measuring axis,

characterized in that said converting step comprises:

selecting the measuring laser beam radiation reflected back along the measuring laser beam radiation and re-entering the
15 laser cavity emitting the measuring laser beam radiation; and

measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said changes being due to interference of the re-entering measuring laser beam radiation and an optical wave in the laser cavity and being representative of the movement; and

20 generating said electric signal in dependence on said
measured changes in operation of the laser cavity,
characterized in that ~~it~~ said method is used to determine both a
scroll action and a click action by movement of the object and the
input device relative to each other in a first direction parallel
25 to the object surface and in a second direction substantially
perpendicular to the object surface.

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7. (Currently Amended) A The method as claimed in claim 1,
characterized in that said measuring step comprises measuring an
~~the~~ impedance of the ~~diode~~ laser cavity ~~is measured~~.

8. (Currently Amended) A The method as claimed in claim 1,
characterized in that said measuring step comprises measuring an
~~the~~ intensity of the measuring laser beam radiation ~~is measured~~.

9. (Currently Amended) An input device for receiving user
information generated by moving, under user control, an object and
the input device relative to each other along at least one
measuring axis, said input device being provided with an optical
5 module for ~~carrying out the method of claim 1~~ measuring the relative
movement of the object and the input device, which said module
~~comprises comprising:~~

_____ at least one diode laser, having a laser cavity, for generating a measuring laser beam radiation;

10 _____ optical means for converging the measuring laser beam radiation in a plane near the object; and

_____ converting means for converting the measuring laser beam radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric signal,

15 characterized in that the converting means ~~are constituted by the combination of the laser cavity and~~ comprises measuring means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, ~~which are said~~ changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and ~~the an~~ optical wave
20 in ~~this the~~ laser cavity, said reflected measuring laser beam radiation having undergone a Doppler frequency shift upon relative movement of the object and the input device, and are said changes further being representative of ~~a the~~ relative movement between the object and the module.

10. (Currently Amended) ~~In The~~ input device as claimed in claim 9, characterized in that the measuring means ~~are means for measuring~~ measures a variation of ~~the an~~ impedance of the laser cavity.

11. (Currently Amended) ~~An~~ The input device as claimed in claim 9, characterized in that the measuring means is a radiation detector for measuring an amount of radiation emitted by the laser cavity.

12. (Currently Amended) ~~An~~ The input device as claimed in claim 11, characterized in that the radiation detector is arranged at the a side of the laser cavity opposite ~~the side~~ from where the measuring laser beam radiation is emitted.

13. (Currently Amended) An input device ~~as claimed in claim~~ provided with an optical module for measuring a movement of the input device relative to an object along at least one measuring axis, said module comprising:

5 at least one laser, having a laser cavity, for generating a measuring laser beam radiation;

optical means for converging the measuring laser beam radiation in a plane near the object; and

10 converting means for converting the measuring laser beam radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric signal,

characterized in that the converting means comprises measuring means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser

15 beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and an optical wave in
the laser cavity, said changes further being representative of a
relative movement between the object and the module,
characterized in that ~~it~~ the optical module comprises at least two
diode lasers and at least one detector for measuring a relative
20 movement of the object and the device along a first and a second
measuring axis, which said first and second measuring axes are
being parallel to the illuminated said surface of the object.

14. (Currently Amended) An input device ~~as claimed in claim~~
~~9~~ provided with an optical module for measuring a movement of the
input device relative to an object along at least one measuring
axis, said module comprising:

5 at least one laser, having a laser cavity, for generating
a measuring laser beam radiation;
optical means for converging the measuring laser beam
radiation in a plane near the object; and
converting means for converting the measuring laser beam
10 radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric
signal,
characterized in that the converting means comprises measuring
means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said
changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser
15 beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and an optical wave in

the laser cavity, said changes further being representative of a relative movement between the object and the module,

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20 characterized in that ~~it~~ the optical module comprises three diode lasers and at least one detector for measuring a relative movement of the object and the device along a first, a second and a third measuring axis, the first and second measuring axes being parallel to ~~the illuminated~~ said surface of the object and the third axis being perpendicular to ~~this~~ said surface.

15. (Currently Amended) An input device ~~as claimed in claim 9~~ provided with an optical module for measuring a movement of the input device relative to an object along at least one measuring axis, said module comprising:

5 _____ at least one laser, having a laser cavity, for generating a measuring laser beam radiation;

_____ optical means for converging the measuring laser beam radiation in a plane near the object; and

10 _____ converting means for converting the measuring laser beam radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric signal,

characterized in that the converting means comprises measuring means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and an optical wave in

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the laser cavity, said changes further being representative of a relative movement between the object and the module, for determining

wherein said optical module determines both a scroll action and a click action,

characterized in that ~~it~~ the optical module comprises two diode lasers and at ~~least~~ least one detector for measuring relative movements of the object and the input device along a first measuring axis parallel to the object surface and along a second measuring axis substantially perpendicular to the object surface.

16. (Currently Amended) An input device ~~as claimed in claim 9~~ provided with an optical module for measuring a movement of the input device relative to an object along at least one measuring axis, said module comprising:

at least one laser, having a laser cavity, for generating a measuring laser beam radiation;

optical means for converging the measuring laser beam radiation in a plane near the object; and

converting means for converting the measuring laser beam radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric signal,

characterized in that the converting means comprises measuring means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said

changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser
15 beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and an optical wave in
the laser cavity, said changes further being representative of a
relative movement between the object and the module, for
determining
wherein said optical module determines both a scroll action and a
20 click action,
characterized in that ~~it~~ the optical module comprises two diode
lasers and at least one detector for measuring relative movements
of the object and the input device along a first and a second
measuring axis, ~~which said first and second measuring axes are~~
25 being at opposite angles with respect to a normal to the object
surface.

17. (Currently Amended) ~~An~~ The input device as claimed in claim
9, wherein said optical module comprises at least one laser and an
associated detector, characterized in that the optical means
comprises a lens arranged between said at least one laser and
5 associated detector, ~~on the one hand,~~ and an action plane, ~~on the~~
~~other hand,~~ the at least one laser being positioned eccentrically
with respect to the lens.

18. (Currently Amended) ~~An input device as claimed in claim 17~~
provided with an optical module for measuring a movement of the

input device relative to an object along at least one measuring axis, said module comprising:

5 at least one laser, having a laser cavity, for generating a measuring laser beam radiation;

optical means for converging the measuring laser beam radiation in a plane near the object; and

10 converting means for converting the measuring laser beam radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric signal,

characterized in that the converting means comprises measuring means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and an optical wave in the laser cavity, said changes further being representative of a relative movement between the object and the module,
15 wherein said optical module comprises at least one laser and an associated detector,

20 characterized in that the optical means comprises a lens arranged between said at least one laser and associated detector, and an action plane, the at least one laser being positioned eccentrically with respect to the lens,

and ~~comprising~~ wherein said optical module comprises two diode
25 lasers,

characterized in that the two diode lasers are arranged such that ~~the~~ lines connecting their respective centers of the two diode lasers with the an optical axis of the lens are at an angle of substantially 90° with respect to each other.

19. (Currently Amended) An input device ~~as claimed in claim 17~~ provided with an optical module for measuring a movement of the input device relative to an object along at least one measuring axis, said module comprising:

5 at least one laser, having a laser cavity, for generating a measuring laser beam radiation;

optical means for converging the measuring laser beam radiation in a plane near the object; and

converting means for converting the measuring laser beam radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric signal,

characterized in that the converting means comprises measuring means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser

15 beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and an optical wave in the laser cavity, said changes further being representative of a relative movement between the object and the module,

wherein said optical module comprises at least one laser and an associated detector,

20 characterized in that the optical means comprises a lens arranged
between said at least one laser and associated detector, and an
action plane, the at least one laser being positioned eccentrically
with respect to the lens, comprising
and wherein said optical module comprises three diode lasers,
25 characterized in that the three diode lasers are arranged such that
the lines connecting their respective centers with the an optical
axis of the lens are at an angle of substantially 120° with respect
to each other.

20. (Currently Amended) ~~An~~ The input device as claimed in claim
79, characterized in that ~~each diode~~ said at least one laser is
acomprises at least one horizontal emitting laser, and in that the
device comprises, for each ~~diode~~ horizontal emitting laser, a
5 reflecting member reflecting the measuring laser beam radiation
from the associated ~~diode~~ horizontal emitting laser to an action
plane.

21. (Currently Amended) ~~An~~ The input device as claimed in claim
9, characterized in that ~~it is composed of~~ the optical module
comprises a base plate on which ~~the~~ at least one diode laser and
associated detector are mounted, a cap member fixed to the base
5 plate and comprising a window and a lens accommodated in the cap
member.

22. (Currently Amended) ~~An input device as claimed in claim 21~~
provided with an optical module for measuring a movement of the
input device relative to an object along at least one measuring
axis, said module comprising:

5 at least one laser, having a laser cavity, for generating
a measuring laser beam radiation;

optical means for converging the measuring laser beam
radiation in a plane near the object; and

converting means for converting the measuring laser beam
10 radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric
signal,

characterized in that the converting means comprises measuring
means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said
changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser
15 beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and an optical wave in
the laser cavity, said changes further being representative of a
relative movement between the object and the module,

characterized in that the optical module comprises a base plate on
which at least one diode laser and associated detector are mounted,

20 a cap member fixed to the base plate and comprising a window and a
lens accommodated in the cap member, and the lens is integrated in
the cap member having an internal surface which is curved towards
the base plate.

23. (Currently Amended) ~~An~~ The input device as claimed in claim 21, characterized in that the base plate, the cap member and the lens are made of a plastic material.

24. (Currently Amended) ~~An input device as claimed in claim 9~~ provided with an optical module for measuring a movement of the input device relative to an object along at least one measuring axis, said module comprising:

5 at least one laser, having a laser cavity, for generating a measuring laser beam radiation;
optical means for converging the measuring laser beam radiation in a plane near the object; and
converting means for converting the measuring laser beam
10 radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric signal,
characterized in that the converting means comprises measuring means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser
15 beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and an optical wave in the laser cavity, said changes further being representative of a relative movement between the object and the module,
characterized in that ~~each diode~~ said at least one laser is coupled to ~~the~~ a respective entrance side of a ~~at least one~~ separate light

20 guide, ~~the~~ a respective exit side of which is said at least one
separate light guide being positioned at the window of the input
device.

25. (Currently Amended) ~~An~~ The input device as claimed in claim
24, characterized in that the light guides are optical
fibresfibers.

26. (Currently Amended) ~~An~~ The input device as claimed in claim
24, characterized in that ~~it~~ said input device comprises three
diode lasers and three light guides, and ~~in that~~ the exit sides of
the three light guides are arranged in a circle at a mutually
5 angular spacing of substantially 120°.

27. (Currently Amended) A mouse for a desktop computer,
~~comprising wherein said mouse comprises an input device as claimed~~
claim 9 provided with an optical module for measuring a movement of
the input device relative to an object along at least one measuring
5 axis, said module comprising:

at least one laser, having a laser cavity, for generating
a measuring laser beam radiation;

optical means for converging the measuring laser beam
radiation in a plane near the object; and

10 converting means for converting the measuring laser beam
radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric
signal,
characterized in that the converting means comprises measuring
means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said
15 changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser
beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and an optical wave in
the laser cavity, said changes further being representative of a
relative movement between the object and the module.

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28. (Currently Amended) A keyboard for a desktop computer,
wherein said keyboard comprises an input device as claimed in claim
9 is integrated provided with an optical module for measuring a
movement of the input device relative to an object along at least
5 one measuring axis, said module comprising:

at least one laser, having a laser cavity, for generating
a measuring laser beam radiation;

optical means for converging the measuring laser beam
radiation in a plane near the object; and

10 converting means for converting the measuring laser beam
radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric
signal,
characterized in that the converting means comprises measuring
means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said

15 changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and an optical wave in the laser cavity, said changes further being representative of a relative movement between the object and the module.

29. (Currently Amended) A laptop computer ~~wherein having~~
integrated therein an input device as claimed in claim 9 is
~~integrated~~provided with an optical module for measuring a movement
of the input device relative to an object along at least one

5 measuring axis, said module comprising:

at least one laser, having a laser cavity, for generating
a measuring laser beam radiation;

optical means for converging the measuring laser beam
radiation in a plane near the object; and

10 converting means for converting the measuring laser beam
radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric
signal,

characterized in that the converting means comprises measuring
means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said
15 changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser
beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and an optical wave in
the laser cavity, said changes further being representative of a
relative movement between the object and the module.

30. (Currently Amended) A display ~~wherein having integrated~~
~~therein an input device as claimed in claim 9 is integrated~~ provided
with an optical module for measuring a movement of the input device
relative to an object along at least one measuring axis, said
5 module comprising:

at least one laser, having a laser cavity, for generating
a measuring laser beam radiation;

optical means for converging the measuring laser beam
radiation in a plane near the object; and

10 converting means for converting the measuring laser beam
radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric
signal,

characterized in that the converting means comprises measuring
means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said
15 changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser
beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and an optical wave in
the laser cavity, said changes further being representative of a
relative movement between the object and the module.

31. (Currently Amended) An ultrasound diagnostic apparatus
~~wherein having integrated therein at least one input device as~~
~~claimed in claim 9 is integrated~~ provided with an optical module for
measuring a movement of the input device relative to an object
5 along at least one measuring axis, said module comprising:

at least one laser, having a laser cavity, for generating a measuring laser beam radiation;

optical means for converging the measuring laser beam radiation in a plane near the object; and

10 converting means for converting the measuring laser beam radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric signal,

characterized in that the converting means comprises measuring means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said

15 changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and an optical wave in the laser cavity, said changes further being representative of a relative movement between the object and the module.

32. (Currently Amended) A hand-held scanner apparatus wherein having integrated therein at least one input device ~~as claimed in claim 9 is integrated~~ provided with an optical module for measuring a movement of the input device relative to an object along at least one measuring axis, said module comprising:

at least one laser, having a laser cavity, for generating a measuring laser beam radiation;

optical means for converging the measuring laser beam radiation in a plane near the object; and

10 converting means for converting the measuring laser beam
radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric
signal,
characterized in that the converting means comprises measuring
means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said
15 changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser
beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and an optical wave in
the laser cavity, said changes further being representative of a
relative movement between the object and the module.

33. (Currently Amended) A remote control unit ~~wherein having~~
integrated therein at least one input device ~~as claimed in claim 9~~
~~is integrated~~ provided with an optical module for measuring a
movement of the input device relative to an object along at least
5 one measuring axis, said module comprising:

at least one laser, having a laser cavity, for generating
a measuring laser beam radiation;

optical means for converging the measuring laser beam
radiation in a plane near the object; and

10 converting means for converting the measuring laser beam
radiation reflected by a surface of the object into an electric
signal,
characterized in that the converting means comprises measuring
means for measuring changes in operation of the laser cavity, said

15 changes being due to interference of the reflected measuring laser
beam radiation re-entering the laser cavity and an optical wave in
the laser cavity, said changes further being representative of a
relative movement between the object and the module.